

Impacts of Management Practices on Economic Performance of Firms Located in Riyadh Region, Saudi Arabia

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Abstract

Management practices employed by a firm can have direct impacts on its economic performance in the market. This research focused on how economic performance of two banks located in the City of Riyadh is affected by their management practices. These two banks were Samba Financial Group and Saudi British Bank. It was realized that management skills applied by an organization would pose direct effects on the economic performance of that firm. Samba Financial Group has designed management practices that are meant to offer customers what they need in the best manner possible. On the other hand, most of the management practices of Saudi British Bank have always been focusing on motivating employees. In both cases, it is clear that the approach taken by the management will have direct impact on a firm's economic performance.

Keywords: Hands-off, Bottlenecks, Female banking, Islamic banking, Free market



1. Introduction

The city of Riyadh has attracted many local and foreign investors who come to tap on the lucrative economy that has been consistently expanding over the decades. With an open market economy, this city has witnessed a massive increase in the number of firms over the years. According to Al-Mulhim (2009), the government of Saudi Arabia has adopted a hands-off approach in the market where foreign firms are not subjected to unnecessary bottlenecks when they are trying to invest in the country. There has been a need to stimulate economic growth of the country and one of the best ways of achieving this is to encourage local and foreign investment into the local economy (Lippman, 2004). This means that the level of competition has become so high that only those firms with proper management strategies can become successful. As Long (1997) notes, the current business environment requires management practices that are conscious of the dynamism in the in the market, and other changing external environmental factors.

According to Madawi (2006), the economic performance of firms is always dictated by the management practices that are adopted in their normal running. Baamir (2010) notes that the management is expected to offer leadership that would steer a firm into economic success. The strategic policies adopted by a firm would always determine how successful a firm can be in the market. These policies would always dictate the moves taken by the firm in handling various issues such as the emerging technologies, changing market trends, dynamism in human resource management, and other environmental factors. The way these environmental factors are handled will always shape the economic performance of a firm (Lippman, 2012). This research paper will investigate the impacts of management practices on the economic performance of firms located in Riyadh region, Saudi Arabia.

2. Literature Review

According to Belanger (2011), human resource is the most important asset within any organization. Senior employees at the top management unit will always determine how successful a firm will be in the market. Roberson (2005) notes that success within an organization is achieved through employees and the management practices that are employed. Firms within the City of Riyadh have been forced to come up with strategies that would enable them become competitive in order to survive the stiff competition that has been witnessed in the recent past with the increase of the number of firms in various sectors. One of the sectors that have seen a sharp rise in the level of competition in this city is financial sector (Mai, 2005). Firms in these sectors have found themselves in stiff competition following the influx of firms into the industry. Some of the major players in this industry within the city of Riyadh include Samba Financial Group (SAMBA) and Saudi British Bank (SABB). These two firms are a true demonstration that economic performance of firms within this city is greatly affected by the management practices that are employed by the management (Rubin, 2005). In order to make this clear, it would be important to discuss the two firms independently based on their management practices, and how this has affected their economic performance.



Samba Financial Group, initially Saudi American Bank, is one of the leading financial institutions in the City of Riyadh. This firm was once a subsidiary of the giant City Bank of the United States, but its shares were bought locally, and currently it is a Saudi bank owned by Saudi Arabians (Henry & Springborg, 2010). This firm has been very successful since it became fully owned by the Saudi Arabians. It has several branches in other countries in this region, and even in the United Kingdom. Within the City of Riyadh, this firm has experienced massive success over the years because of the management practices that it has employed. According to Husk (2011), it is always important for a firm to ensure that it understands the prevailing environmental factors that have direct impact on its normal operations. The Saudi British Bank, also known as SABB, is an Islamic Financial Solution is part of the British HSBC Bank. It was started in 1950 in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. The bank has employed various management practices that have helped it become very successful in the market. An outward-in approach of defining management practices is highly advisable if a firm is to achieve economic success. This approach means that the management would need to understand the prevailing environmental factors, and formulate policies that are in line with these factors. The management of Samba Financial Group has been focused on this approach when setting its management practices (Biswas, 2011).

3. Methodology

Every research project applies a given research method in order to arrive at a specific conclusion. In this study, the researcher used quantitative data analysis approach. In this research, a questionnaire was mailed to the respondents, who were the employees of Samba Financial Group and Saudi British Bank, Riyadh branches. Quantitative analysis was considered more desirable because of the need to use mathematical tools. The researcher used simple statistical data analysis approach to analyze data. The results were presented in the form of tables, charts and graphs to enhance clarity. SPPS version 20 was used to analyze the data.

4. Analysis and Findings

The following are some of the management practices that have been employed by this firm over the years as a way of promoting its economic performance:

4.1. Creation of female banking

Samba Financial Group did not have different banking halls for male and female customers. Both male and female customers had the liberty of choosing any of its branches in Riyadh for any financial transactions (Weiss, 2011). However, upon a careful market research, the management realized that although this firm was successful, this strategy was hindering it from experiencing further success. According to Cordesman (2003), the strict Islamic culture prohibits any bodily contact between adults of opposite genders who are not close family members. When people are queued waiting to be served in a banking hall, it may be difficult to avoid bodily contact (Krivenko, 2009). As Champion (2003) observes, it is important to understand that this is not a discriminatory act by members of the society. When men avoid banking halls that is frequented by women, they are avoiding circumstances that would make



it possible for the two genders to have bodily contact, not because they look down upon these women.

Similarly, when women avoid male banking halls, they are only trying to keep the Islamic law by staying away from environments that would facilitate breaking the law, even if it is by accident (Manaschi, 1998). The management of Samba Financial Group realized that it had to act as soon as possible to avoid losing customers. It developed female banking for the purpose of serving exclusively female customers. This would mean that men had their banking hall that was exclusive from that of women. This management practice had a massive economic benefit to this firm. As Falah (2005) notes, the best approach of delivering high value to the customers is by understanding their needs and meeting this need in the best way possible. When the firm realized that there is a need to have different banking halls for male and female customers, it had to fine-tune its management practices to reflect this (Vincent, 2008). It was a demonstration that this firm respects the culture of the society, and is willing to go to great lengths in protecting it (Minja, 2009). The number of male and female customers increased drastically when this management practice was finally implemented. The research used the following null hypothesis and alternate hypothesis:

H10. Introduction of female banking at Samba Financial Group has not improved ints performance.

H1a. Introduction of female banking at Samba Financial Group has improved its performance.

To determine the impact of this practice on the performance of the firm, the researcher used chi-squire for equal proportions to determine the calculations. The data collected from the field was fed into SPSS and the table below shows the results that were obtained. In order to test whether there is a significant difference in the performance of male and female employees of Samba Financial Group located in the Riyadh region, chi-square for equal proportions was applied using SPSS and Table 1 below shows the findings.

Table 1: Which branch gives better service?

| | Observed N | Expected N | Residual |
|--------|------------|------------|----------|
| Male | 76 | 48.5 | 27.5 |
| Female | 21 | 48.5 | -27.5 |
| Total | 97 | | |

Source: Analysis of survey data



Table 2. Test Statistics

| | Which branch gives better service |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Chi-Square | 31.186 |
| df | 1 |
| Asymp. Sig. | .000 |

Source: Analysis of Survey Data

It is clear from Table 2 above that the value of the chi square statistic is 31.186 and its corresponding p value is 0.000<0.05. Since this p value is less than 0.05, it can be concluded that there is a significant impact of this new strategy on the general performance of the firm. The new strategy has improved the performance of the firm in the market.

4.2. Giving incentives on the basis of performance

The success of SABB can be attributed to its management practices that it has employed to help it manage the market competition (Ramady, 2010). The management of this firm realized that it had to change its management practices to be in line with the changing environmental factors. According to Lacey (1982), most firms around the world always promote their employees on the basis of their experience and academic background. However, Saudi British Bank has always taken a completely different approach when handling the issue of promotion (Tollitz, 2005).

The firm has been promoting its employees based on their performance level in their respective areas of assignment. This has seen employees work hard in order to be promoted irrespective of their academic backgrounds (Panagariya, 2008).

The research used the following null and alternate hypothesis:

H2o. The incentives given by Saudi British Bank have not helped improve its performance in the market.

H2a. The incentives given by Saudi British Bank have helped improve its performance in the market

Table 3 below shows the incentives used by this firm:

Table 3. Incentive used by the management of SABB

| The Incentives | Level of Focus |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Financial incentives | 30% |
| Promotions | 15% |
| Holidays to various destinations | 25% |
| Other material gifts | 30% |



Chi-square test for equal proportions was applied using SPSS to obtain the results:

Table 4. Has the incentive given by SABB to its employees improved its performance

| | Observed N | Expected N | Residual |
|-------|------------|------------|----------|
| Yes | 185 | 140.5 | 44.5 |
| No | 96 | 140.5 | -44.5 |
| Total | 281 | | |

Source: Analysis of survey data

Table 5.Test Statistics

| | Has the incentives given by SABB to its employees improved its performance |
|-------------|--|
| Chi-square | 28.189 |
| df | 1 |
| Asymp. Sig. | .000 |

Value of the chi square statistic is 28.189 and its corresponding p value is 0.000<0.05 in Table 5. Since the p value is less than 0.05, the null hypothesis can be rejected and it can be concluded that the incentives given by the bank have improved its performance.

5. Conclusion

It is clear from the above discussion that management practices employed by a firm would have direct impact on its economic performance. Samba Financial Group has introduced several management strategies focused on promoting the interests of its customers. It has introduced female banking, as a way of meeting the market needs. This has helped them increase the number of customers in their banking halls. On the other hand, Saudi British Bank has been keen on motivating its employees. This has helped the firm developed a pool of dedicated and highly skilled employees capable of driving this firm to higher heights of performance. In both cases, it is confirmed that these practices improve the economic performance of the firms in Riyadh.

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